

$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}, t) = -\vec{\nabla}\phi(\vec{r}, t) - \vec{\nabla}\cdot\vec{A}(\vec{r}, t)$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{1}{c} \times \vec{A}(\vec{r}, t)$$

Jefimenko

$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int d\tau' \left[\frac{q(\vec{r}', t_r)}{R^2} \hat{R} + \frac{2\epsilon_0 q(\vec{r}', t_r)}{cR} \hat{R} - \frac{\partial_t \vec{J}(\vec{r}', t_r)}{c^2 R} \hat{R} \right]$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{\mu_0 q}{4\pi} \int d\tau' \left[\frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}', t_r)}{R^2} \times \hat{R} + \frac{\partial_t \vec{J}(\vec{r}', t_r)}{cR} \times \hat{R} \right]$$

$$\cancel{\textcircled{R}} dt' = \frac{|\vec{R}|}{|\vec{R}| - \vec{B} \cdot \vec{R}} dt'' \implies dt'' = |\vec{R}| \cdot \left(1 - \vec{B} \cdot \frac{\vec{R}}{|\vec{R}|}\right)$$

$$\cancel{\textcircled{R}} \hat{R} = \frac{\vec{R}}{|\vec{R}|}$$

$$\cancel{\textcircled{R}} K = 1 - \frac{\vec{B} \cdot \vec{R}}{|\vec{R}|} = 1 - \vec{B} \cdot \hat{R}$$

$$\cancel{\textcircled{R}} \vec{J}/c \rightarrow q \vec{B} \cdot \delta \neq \rho \rightarrow q \delta$$

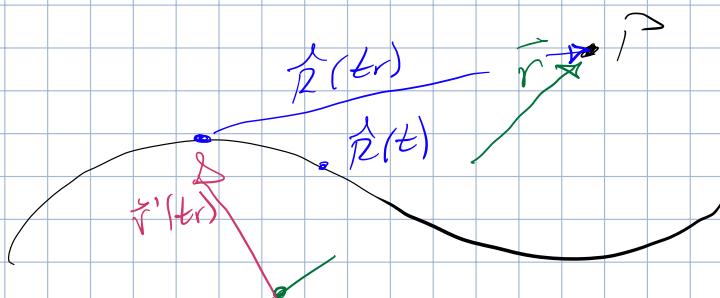
$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 c} \left[\frac{\hat{R}}{kR^2} + \frac{1}{c} \partial_t \left(\frac{\hat{R}}{kR} \right) - \frac{1}{c} \partial_t \left(\frac{\vec{B} \times \hat{R}}{kR} \right) \right]^{-1}_{ct=t_r}$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{\mu_0 q}{4\pi} \left[\frac{\vec{B} \times \hat{R}}{kR^2} + \frac{1}{c} \partial_t \left(\frac{\vec{B} \times \hat{R}}{kR} \right) \right]^{-1}_{ct=t_r}$$

R no longer static

\vec{R} - point charge to now wrt my time

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial t} = -\vec{v} \frac{\partial t_r}{\partial t} \neq \frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial t} = -(\vec{R} \cdot \vec{v}) \frac{\partial t_r}{\partial t} \rightarrow \frac{\partial t}{\partial t} = K^{-1}$$



how aligned is line of sight to particle's trajectory

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{RK} \left[\vec{R} \cdot (\vec{R} \cdot \vec{v}) - \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{R}}{\partial t} = \frac{\vec{v}}{c} \frac{\partial t_r}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial(\vec{K}\vec{R})}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{c} \left[(-\vec{\alpha} \cdot \vec{\beta}) + (\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{\beta}) - (\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{\alpha}) \right] \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{E}(\vec{r}, t) &= \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\underbrace{\frac{(\vec{R} - \vec{B})(1 - \beta^2)}{k^3 R^2}}_{\text{velocity}} + \underbrace{\frac{\vec{R} \times \sum (\vec{r} - \vec{B}) \times \vec{\alpha}^2}{c^2 k^3 R}}_{\text{acceleration}} \right] \\ &= \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{R}{(\vec{R} \cdot \vec{v})^2} \right] \left[(c^2 - v^2) \vec{v} + \vec{R} \times (\vec{v} \times \vec{\alpha}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{B}(\vec{r}, t) &= \frac{\mu_0 q}{4\pi} \left[\frac{(\vec{B} \times \vec{R})(1 - \beta^2)}{k^3 R^2} + \frac{(\vec{\alpha} \cdot \vec{R})(\vec{B} \times \vec{R})}{c^2 k^3 R^2} + \frac{(\vec{\alpha} \times \vec{R})}{c^2 k^2 R} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{c} (\vec{R} \times \vec{E}(r, t)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{B} \perp \vec{E} \perp \hat{R}$$

L /line of sight

$$\vec{E} \neq \vec{B} \rightarrow \vec{E}_v, \vec{E}_a \neq \vec{B}_v, \vec{B}_a$$

$$\vec{E} \text{ all } \xrightarrow{\beta \ll 1} \vec{E}^{\text{static}} \propto \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$E_a, B_a \propto \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$E_v, B_v \propto \frac{1}{r^2} \rightarrow S_{vv} \sim E_v^2 \cdot B_v^2 \propto \frac{1}{r^4}$$

$$E_a, B_a \propto \frac{1}{r^2} \rightarrow S_{aa} \sim E_a^2 \cdot B_a^2 \propto \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\rightarrow S_{av} \sim E_a^2 \cdot B_v^2 \propto \frac{1}{r^5}$$

Field Course

Newton's cross

prism $\frac{3}{4}$ sec mirror
support. diffraction points
disruption \rightarrow new waves

double slit \rightarrow sources of waves

6 veins, not 4

low level

1 in 40 in residual

can use my psf fit

optimize residual w/ components

① isolate small region \rightarrow fit

② hella initial components