

Vector Calculus stuff (1.1 & 1.2)

consider space

point $P(x, y, z)$ $\vec{E} \neq 0$ $\vec{B} \neq 0$

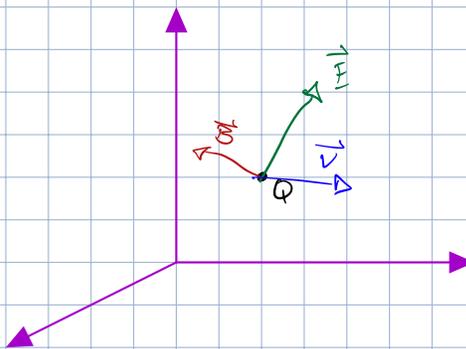
$\vec{E}(x, y, z) \neq \vec{B}(x, y, z)$ generated by charges & current somewhere else

put test charge Q

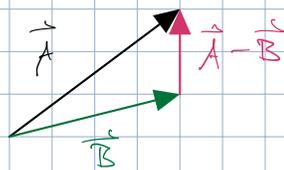
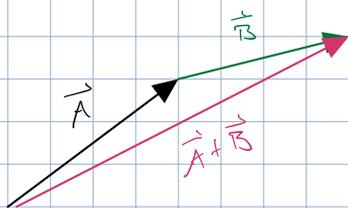
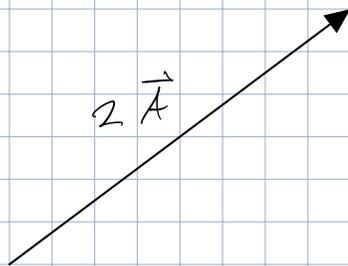
$$\vec{F} = Q \cdot \vec{E} + Q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$\vec{F}, \vec{E}, \vec{v}, \vec{B} \rightarrow$ vectors

$Q \rightarrow$ scalar
(no direction)



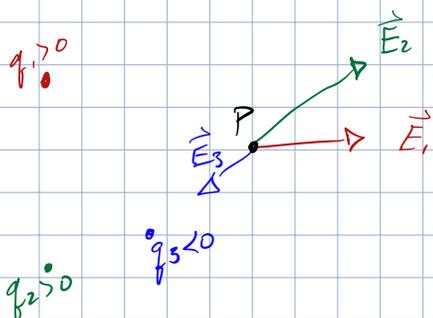
vector stuff



Associative $(A+B)+C = A+(B+C)$

Commutative $A+(B+C) = (B+C)+A$

Distributive $a(B+C) = aB+aC$



total \vec{E} @ point P: $\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 + \vec{E}_3 = \vec{E}_{tot}$

place test charge. force? $\rightarrow F_{tot} = Q \vec{E}_{tot}$

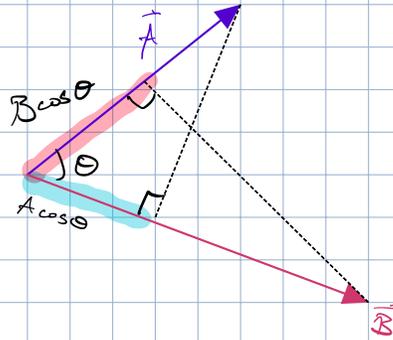
sum indiv. contributions

Dot Product
apply 2 vectors

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$$

$\theta \in [0, \pi]$
angle between \vec{A} & \vec{B}

$$\vec{c} \cdot \vec{c} = c \cdot c \cos(0) = c^2$$



Cross Product

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \vec{C}$$

magnitude = $|\vec{C}| = |\vec{A}| \cdot |\vec{B}| \cdot \sin \theta$
 $\theta \in [0, \pi]$

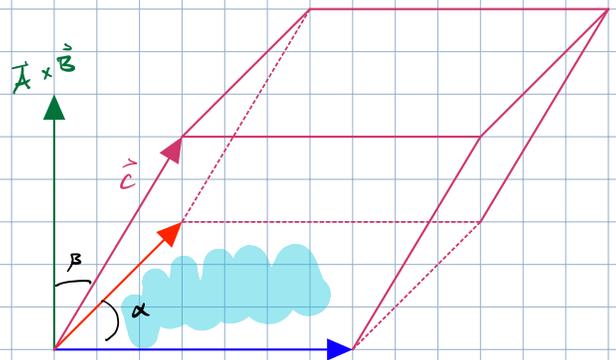
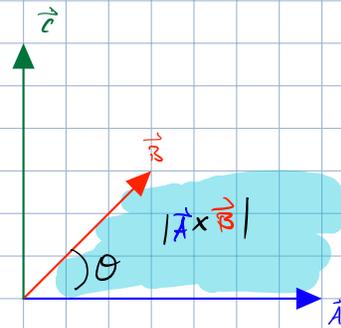
direction : right hand rule

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = -(\vec{B} \times \vec{A}) = -\vec{B} \times \vec{A}$$

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{A} = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{C}$$

$$\vec{A} \times (\vec{B} + \vec{C}) = \vec{A} \times \vec{B} + \vec{A} \times \vec{C}$$



Triple Product

$$(\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{C} \quad = \text{scalar}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{C} &= |\vec{A} \times \vec{B}| \cdot |\vec{C}| \cdot \cos \beta \\ &= |\vec{A}| \cdot |\vec{B}| \cdot |\vec{C}| \cdot \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \\ &= \text{Volume of parallelepiped} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{C} \neq \vec{A} \times (\vec{B} \times \vec{C}) \quad (\text{in general})$$

$$\vec{A} \times (\vec{B} \times \vec{C}) = \vec{B}(\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C}) - \vec{C}(\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B})$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{C} &= -\vec{C} \times (\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \\ &= -(\vec{A} \cdot (\vec{C} \times \vec{B}) - \vec{B} \cdot (\vec{C} \times \vec{A})) \\ &= \vec{B} \cdot (\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C}) - \vec{A} \cdot (\vec{B} \cdot \vec{C}) \end{aligned}$$

Coordinate System

cartesian $x y z$

cylindrical $s \phi z$

spherical $r \phi \theta$

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} = \hat{x} \begin{vmatrix} A_y & A_z \\ B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} + \hat{y} \begin{vmatrix} A_x & A_z \\ B_x & B_z \end{vmatrix} + \hat{z} \begin{vmatrix} A_x & A_y \\ B_x & B_y \end{vmatrix}$$