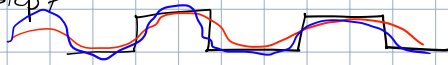


Separation of Variables

completeness & orthogonality

Fourier series $f(x) = a_0 + \sum (a_n \cos(\alpha_n x) + b_n \sin(\alpha_n x))$

applying to step fct



more terms \rightarrow closer to fct

$f_n(x)$, $n=1, 2, \dots, \infty$

$\int_a^b f_n(x) \cdot f_m(x) dx = \delta_{nm}$ \rightarrow orthogonality

$f(x) = \sum f_n(x)$ \rightarrow completeness

$\sum \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos(x), \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cos(2x), \dots \right]$
 f_0 f_1 f_2

Legendre Polynomials

$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l \cdot l!} \cdot \frac{d^l}{dx^l} [(x^2-1)^l]$

$\int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx = \frac{2}{2l+1} \delta_{nm}$

$\nabla^2 V(x,y,z) = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$

$V(x,y,z) = f(x)g(y)h(z)$

$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = g(y)h(z) \cdot \frac{df}{dx}$

$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} = g(y)h(z) \cdot \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} = \frac{f(x)g(y)h(z)}{f(x)} \cdot \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{f} \cdot \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} V$

$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = \frac{1}{g} \cdot \frac{d^2 g}{dy^2} \cdot V$

$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = \frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{d^2 h}{dz^2} \cdot V$

Laplacian $\rightarrow \frac{1}{f} \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{g} \frac{d^2 g}{dy^2} + \frac{1}{h} \frac{d^2 h}{dz^2} = 0$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{f} \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} = \alpha^2 \xrightarrow{\text{solve}} \frac{1}{g} \frac{d^2 g}{dy^2} = \beta^2$
 $\frac{1}{h} \frac{d^2 h}{dz^2} = -\gamma^2$
 $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (ix)^2$

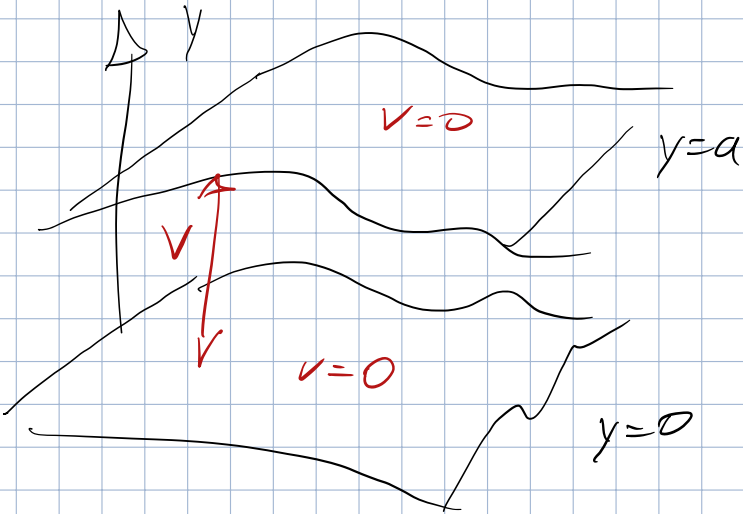
$f = a_1 e^{\alpha x} + a_2 e^{-\alpha x}$
 $g = b_1 e^{\beta x} + b_2 e^{-\beta x}$
 $h = c_1 e^{i\gamma x} + c_2 e^{-i\gamma x}$

boundary condition $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = \gamma^2$

$$V(x, y, z) = \sum (a_1 e^{\alpha x} + a_2 e^{-\alpha x}) / (b_1 e^{\beta z} + b_2 e^{-\beta z}) (c_1 e^{\gamma x} + c_2 e^{-\gamma x})$$

$$V \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty \quad V \sim e^{-\alpha x}$$

$$V \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } z \rightarrow \infty \quad (\frac{d^2 V}{dz^2} > 0)! \quad h = c_1 e^{\gamma z} + c_2 e^{-\gamma z} \rightarrow c_1 = 0$$



$$V(x, y, z) = V(x, y)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$$